Migrant labour from Orissa

954. SHRI GAYA CHAND BHUYAN-. Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased fo state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a large number of migrant labour from Orissa are at present leading a pathetic life at the places where they are employed;

(b) if so, what measures Government have taken for the welfare of these workers;

(c) whether his Ministry has any machinery to ascertain the number of migrant labour from each State who are going outside their States for seeking jobs and whether this machinery is undertaking any welfare programmes for these migrant labour, if so, the details thereof;

(d) how many contractors in Orissa have registered their names as per existing laws to send the migrant labour outside Orissa, with details; and

(e) what action Government have taken against such persons for sending labour outside the State of Orissa without registering themselves as xc"quired under the law?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) Whenever compIaints are received about exploitation of workers, including migrant workers, the appropriate authorities are asked to take suitable action.

(b) The Inter State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 has been enacted specifically for the protection of Inter State Migrant Labour. The protection of a number of other labour laws is also available to thes* workers.

(c) The Inter State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 covers labour which ls recruited by or through a contractor in one State under an agreement or other arrangement for employment in an establishment in another State. The rules framed under the Act enjoin upon ti ie contractors and principal employers to send periodical returns which contain information, *inter-alia* about the number of migrant workers employed.

The Inter State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 197& prescribes some welfare facilities for workmen. The Act is enforce^ by the Central and state Governments in their respective spheres as defined in the Act,

(d) and (e) There is no provision for registration of contractors. However, there is a provision in the Inter State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 for licensing of contractors. Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House,

955. *WithdremiL*

Release of foreign exchange for import of sugar, fertilizers etc.

956. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU-Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount of foreign exchange released by the Government for heavy import of sugar, fertilizers, sulphur, amonium phosphate urea or any other fertilizer during He period from lst January, 1985 upto December, 1985 and upto 31st January, 1986;

(b) what are the reasons for such imports; and

(c)' what is its effect «n the balance of trade position?

THE MINISTER OF STATE JN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) The amount of foreign exchange released for the import of these commodities during the period lst January 1985 to 31st January. 1986 is indicated beiow -

(Rs. crores)

	Amount of foreign exchange released	
	January Dec.1985	January 1936
Sugar . . .	453·5	150 0
Fertilizers . .	1483·5	Nil
Fertilizers raw materials		
(1) Sulphur .	294·5	..
(2) Raw- phosphate	171·8	..

(b) These imports became necessary for bridging the gap between demand and indigenous availability.

(c) The balance of trade position reflects the increase or decrease in imports and exports of various commodities and t_0 thi_s extent, would be affected by the imports of fertilizers and sugar referred to in (a) and (b.) above.

Retum of tobacco

957. SHRI R. SAMBASIVA RAO: Will the Minister of COMMEF,CE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the per acre return of production of tobacco that the far mers get at present:

(b) whether it is a fact that, the return is very low in comparison to that which the farmers of other countrie$_p$ get: and

'(e) if so. what measures the Central Government propose to take to enhance the return of tobacco growers in the country?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHEI P. SHIV SHANKER); (a) The average yield of Tobacco in India is estimated at around 1100 kg. per hactare.

(b) Yes, Sir. The yield is low due to low productivity and poor quality of tobacco produced ^{a}s compared to other compating countries,

(c) The Tobacco Board is implementing varioug technical programmes like Varietal Trials, Integrated Pest Management, Topping and Desucker-ing, and is taking other steps like supply of various inputs, improved cultural practices etc. i_n collaboration with State Governments and other ageneies like the Directorate of Tobacco Development and Central Tobacco Research Institute to increase production. Simultaneously, efforts are under way to evolve varieties capable of giving appreciable increases in the average farmer's holdings. Auction System has been introduced in the States of Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh for the sal$_e$ of Virginia Flue-cured Tobacco to ensure remunerative prices to the growers.

Accidents in mines

958.SHRI KALPNATHRAI: SHRI J.P.GOYAL:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state-

(a) what is the number of accidents in mines during 1985 resulting in deaths and injuries to mine workers; and

(b) whether any new rules and regulations have been formulated te ensure th$_e$ safety of mine workers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) and (b) The number of accidents which took plac$_e$